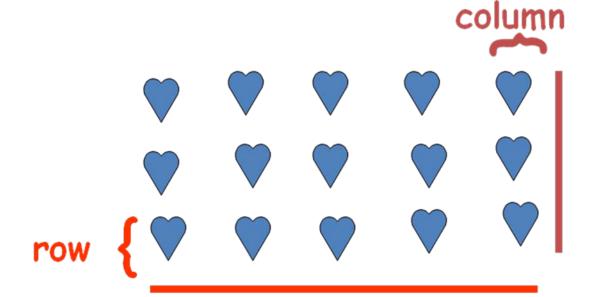
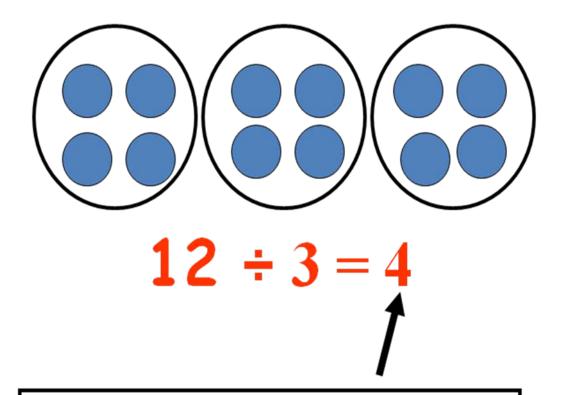
array



A rectangular arrangement of objects in rows and columns.



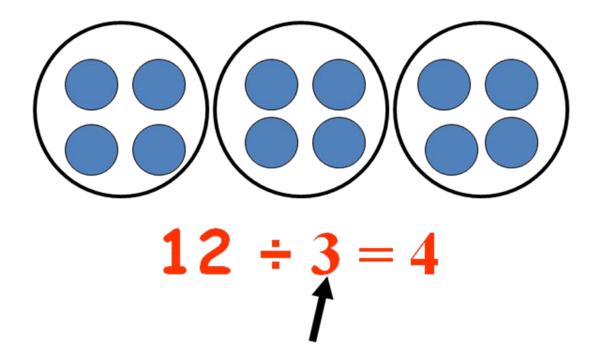
dividend



The total being shared.



divisor



The number of equal parts or the number in each equal part.



fact power





The ability to recall basic numbers facts without having to figure them out.

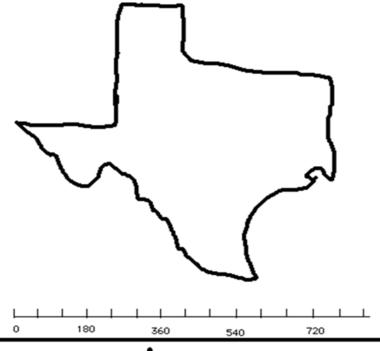


factors

The numbers being multiplied in a multiplication number model.



map scale



A rate that compares the distance between two locations on a map with the actual distance between them.



multiples

5's 5, 10, 15, 20

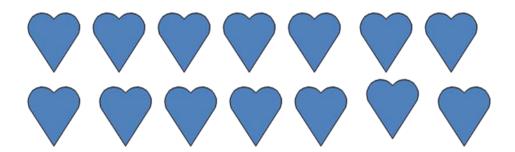
10's 30,40,50,60

25's 75, 100, 125

Repeated groups of the same amount.



multiplication



$$7 \times 2 = 14$$

The operation used to find the total number in several equal groups.



multiplications/ division diagrams

<u>triangles</u>	corners per _triangle	<u>corners</u> in all
4	3	?

$$4 \times 3 = 12$$

The diagram has a number of groups, a number in each group and a total number.



product

5←multiplicand

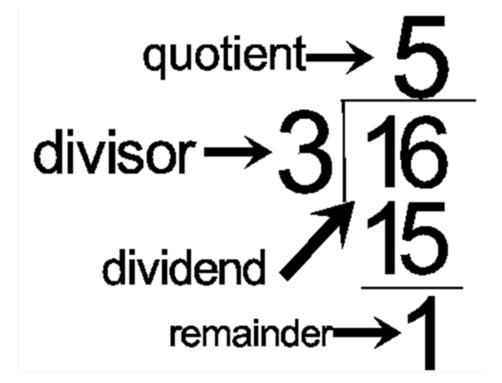
2 ← multiplier

1 5 ← product

The result of doing multiplication.



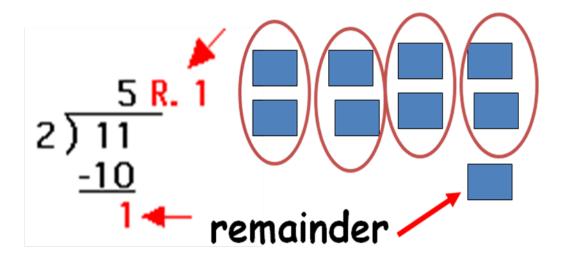
quotient



The result after dividing one number by another number; the number of equal shares.



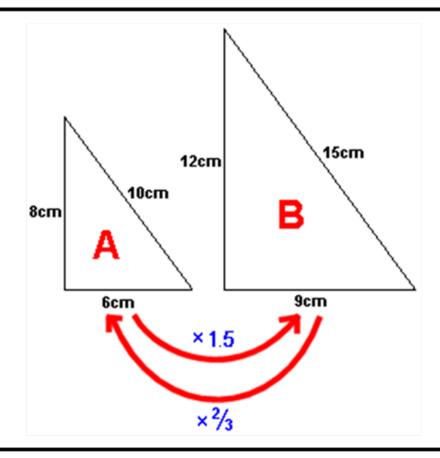
remainder



The amount left over when things are divided into equal shares.



scale factor

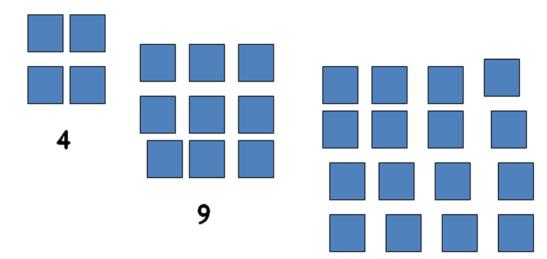


A number that names "how many times as many?" or "what fraction of?" one quantity is of another quantity.



square number





$$35^2 = 35 \times 35 = 1225^{16}$$

A number that is the product of a whole number multiplied by itself; a whole number to the second power.



turn-around facts

A pair of add or multiplication facts in which the order of the addends or the factors is reversed.

